## § 1605.12

such an error has occurred, the current agency must take any necessary steps to correct the error. The current agency may seek reimbursement from the former agency of any amount that would have been paid by the former agency had the error not occurred.

- (11) Employee makeup contributions may be made only by payroll deduction from basic pay. Contributions by check, money order, cash, or other form of payment directly from the participant to the TSP, or from the participant to the employing agency for deposit to the TSP, are not permitted.
- (12) If the participant is entitled to lost earnings on the makeup contributions pursuant to 5 CFR part 1606, the employing agency must also submit lost earnings records.
- (d) Late contributions. If, as a result of agency error, the TSP posts a late contribution to a participant's account more than 30 calendar days after the "as of" date that is reported by the employing agency on the payment record, the employing agency must submit any lost earnings records pursuant to 5 CFR part 1606. Late contributions will be invested in accordance with the participant's contribution allocation of record on the posting date.

## § 1605.12 Removal of erroneous contributions.

- (a) Applicability. This section applies to negative adjustments. These include situations in which, because of an employing agency error, employee contributions in excess of the amount elected by a participant are contributed to a participant's account, employee contributions (and any attributable agency matching contributions) are made on behalf of a participant who did not elect to make contributions, or excess employer contributions are made to a participant's account. Negative adjustments resulting from a FERCCA correction are addressed in § 1605.14.
- (b) Method of correction. Negative adjustment records must be submitted by employing agencies in accordance with this part and with any other procedures provided by the Board.
- (1) To remove money from a participant's account, the employing agency

must submit, for each attributable pay date involved, a negative adjustment record stating the amount of the erroneous contribution being removed, the attributable pay date with respect to which the erroneous contribution was made, and the source(s) of the contributions. The TSP record keeper will derive the investment of the negative adjustment from the allocation of any contribution which was reported for the attributable pay date. If no contribution was submitted for the attributable pay date, the negative adjustment will not be processed.

- (2) A negative adjustment record may be for all or a part of the contributions made for the attributable pay date and source of contributions; however, for each source of contributions, the negative adjustment may not exceed the amount of contributions made for that date, less any prior negative adjustments for the same date.
- (c) Processing negative adjustments. Negative adjustments will be processed in accordance with the following rules:
- (1) Negative adjustment records received and accepted by the TSP record keeper by the second-to-last business day of a month will be processed effective as of the end of that month. Negative adjustment records accepted by the TSP record keeper after the second-to-last business day of a month will be processed effective as of the end of the following month; and
- (2) For each negative adjustment record, the TSP record keeper will determine attributable earnings on the amount of the adjustment by source of contribution and investment fund. Thus, earnings and losses from different sources will not be netted against each other, and earnings and losses from different investment funds will not be netted against each other. Further, interfund transfers occurring between the attributable pay date of the negative adjustment and the date the adjustment is processed by the TSP record keeper will not be considered.
- (d) Employee contributions. The following rules apply to negative adjustments involving employee contributions:
- (1) If, on the posting date, the amount calculated under paragraph (c) of this section is greater than the

amount of the proposed negative adjustment, the full amount of the adjustment will be returned to the employing agency. Subject to paragraph (d)(4) of this section, the earnings on the erroneous contribution will remain in the participant's account;

- (2) If, on the posting date, the amount calculated under paragraph (c) of this section is less than the amount of the proposed negative adjustment, the amount of the adjustment, reduced by the investment loss, will be returned to the employing agency. However, an investment loss will not affect the employing agency's obligation to refund to the participant the full amount of the erroneous contribution;
- (3) If an employing agency removes erroneous employee contributions from a participant's account, it must also remove, under paragraph (e) of this section, any attributable agency matching contributions; and
- (4) If all employee contributions are removed from a participant's account under the rules set forth in this section, the participant may choose to leave any earnings in the account unless he or she was not eligible to have an account in the TSP at the time earnings were credited to the account, and remains ineligible. If the participant was ineligible for a TSP account (and remains ineligible), the earnings will be paid to the participant. If earnings remain in the account, upon the participant's separation from Government service, they will be subject to the same withdrawal rules as apply to any other funds in a participant's account.
- (e) Employer contributions. The following rules apply to negative adjustments involving erroneous employer contributions:
- (1) Erroneous employer contributions will be returned to the employing agency only if the negative adjustment record is posted by the TSP record keeper within one year of the date the erroneous contribution was posted. If one year or more has elapsed when the negative adjustment record is posted, the amount computed under paragraph (c) of this section will be removed from the participant's account and used to offset TSP administrative expenses;

- (2) If the erroneous contribution has been in the participant's account for less than one year when the negative adjustment record is posted and the amount computed under paragraph (c) of this section is greater than the amount of the adjustment, the employing agency will receive the full amount of the erroneous contribution. Any earnings attributable to the erroneous contribution will be removed from the participant's account and used to offset TSP administrative expenses;
- (3) If the erroneous contribution has been in the participant's account for less than one year when the negative adjustment record is posted and the amount computed under paragraph (c) of this section is less than the amount of the adjustment, the employing agency will receive the amount of the erroneous contribution reduced by the investment loss; and
- (4) An employing agency's obligation to submit negative adjustment records to remove erroneous contributions from a participant's account is not affected by the length of time the contributions have been in the account.
- (f) Each negative adjustment to be processed separately. For purposes of paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section—
- (1) If multiple negative adjustments for a participant are posted on the same business day, the amount removed from the participant's account and/or returned to the employing agency will be determined separately for each adjustment, for each source of contributions, and for each investment fund. Earnings and losses for erroneous contributions made on different dates will not be netted against each other. Instead, each source of contributions and each fund will be treated as separate for purposes of these calculations;
- (2) The amount computed by application of the rules in this section will be removed from the participant's account pro rata from all investment funds, by source, based on the allocation of the participant's most recent month-end valued account balance; and
- (3) If there is insufficient money in the same source of contributions to cover the amount to be removed, the negative adjustment record will be rejected.